

compliance with paragraph (a) of this section.

[24 FR 10788, Dec. 29, 1959. Redesignated at 50 FR 9788, Mar. 12, 1985, as amended at 70 FR 72887, Dec. 8, 2005]

**§319.56-2m Administrative instructions prescribing method of fumigation of apricots, grapes, nectarines, peaches, plumcot, and plums from Chile.**

Approved fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure, in accordance with part 305 of this chapter, is hereby prescribed as a condition of entry under permit for all shipments of apricots, grapes, nectarines, peaches, plumcot, and plums from Chile. This fumigation shall be in addition to other conditions that may be prescribed in the permit, such as a limitation as to origin, and requirements as to marking containers, safeguarding shipments from fruit fly infestation, and obtaining Chilean certification.

(a) *Ports of entry.* (1) Grapes from Chile may be imported through all maritime ports when approved facilities are available for fumigation in approved chambers or under tarpaulins.

(2) Apricots, nectarines, peaches, plumcot, and plums from Chile may be imported through ports on the Great Lakes, or on the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts (exclusive of Florida ports), subject to the availability of such approved fumigation facilities.

(b) *Approved fumigation.* Approved fumigation shall consist of fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure in a fumigation chamber that has been approved for that purpose by the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs. The fumigation may also be accomplished under tarpaulins in a manner, satisfactory to the inspector, that will ensure adequate air and fruit temperatures, and volatilization, distribution, and concentration of the fumigant. The treatment period shall be 2 hours for chamber fumigation and 2½ hours for tarpaulin fumigation, and the load shall not exceed 80 percent of the chamber volume or area enclosed by the tarpaulin. The fumigation shall be in accordance with part 305 of this chapter.

Temperature (°F.)	Dosage—pounds of methyl bromide per 1,000 cu. ft.
80–89 (inclusive) .....	1½
70–79 (inclusive) .....	2
60–69 (inclusive) .....	2½
50–59 (inclusive) .....	3
40–49 (inclusive) .....	4

(c) *Supervision of fumigation.* Inspectors of the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs shall supervise the fumigation of apricots, grapes, nectarines, peaches, plumcot, and plums from Chile and shall prescribe such safeguards as may be necessary for unloading, handling, and transportation preparatory to fumigation or other treatment. The final release of the fruit for entry into the United States will be conditioned upon compliance with prescribed safeguards and required treatments.

(d) *Costs.* All costs of treatment and required safeguards and supervision, other than the services of the supervising inspector during regularly assigned hours of duty and at the usual place of duty, shall be borne by the owner of the fruits or his representative.

(e) *Department not responsible for damage.* The treatment prescribed in part 305 of this chapter is judged from experimental tests to be safe for use with apricots, grapes, nectarines, peaches, plumcot, and plums from Chile. However, the Department assumes no responsibility for any damage sustained through or in the course of such treatment or by compliance with requirements under paragraph (c) of this section.

[25 FR 10865, Nov. 16, 1960, as amended at 36 FR 24917, Dec. 24, 1971. Redesignated at 50 FR 9788, Mar. 12, 1985; 50 FR 10750, Mar. 18, 1985; 58 FR 69179, Dec. 30, 1993; 70 FR 72887, Dec. 8, 2005]

**§319.56-2n Administrative instructions prescribing a combination treatment of fumigation plus refrigeration for certain fruits.**

Fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure followed by refrigerated storage, in accordance with part 305 of this chapter, is specific for the Mediterranean fruit fly, the oriental fruit fly, and the grape vine moth, and for certain pests of grapes and other fruit from Chile, but may not

be effective against certain other dangerous pests of fruit. Accordingly this treatment will be approved for use as an alternative method of treatment to the methods prescribed in §319.56–2d and §319.56–2m, in connection with the issuance of permits under §319.56–3 for the importation of fruits from any country when it is determined that the pest risk involved in the proposed importation is such that it will be eliminated by this treatment.

(a) *Ports of entry.* Fruits to be offered for entry may be shipped from the country of origin to United States ports which are named in the permit.

(b) *Approved treatment.* The phases of the combination treatment shall consist of fumigation and aeration, and a precooling and refrigeration period. The fumigation dosage rates and refrigeration periods are designated in part 305 of this chapter.

(c) *Supervision of treatment and subsequent handling.* The treatment approved in this section and the subsequent handling of the fruit so treated must be conducted under the supervision of an inspector of the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs. If any part of the treatment is conducted in the country of origin, the organization requesting the service must enter into a formal agreement with this Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs to secure the services of an inspector.

(d) *Costs.* All costs of treatment, required safeguards, and supervision of treatments by the inspector shall be borne by the owner of the fruit, or his representative, when the treatment is given in foreign countries. There is no charge for supervision of treatments given at authorized U.S. ports of entry during regularly scheduled hours of duty.

(e) *Department not responsible for damage.* The treatment prescribed in paragraph (b) of this section is judged from limited experimental tests to be safe for use with fruits likely to be infested with the Mediterranean fruit fly or the oriental fruit fly, or with the grape vine moth or other pests of grapes or other fruits from Chile. However, the Department assumes no responsibility for any damage sustained through or in the course of the treatment. There has

not been an opportunity to test the treatment on all varieties of fruits that may be offered for entry from various countries. It is recommended that the phytotoxicity of the treatment to the variety to be shipped shall be tested by exporters in the country of origin or by means of test shipments sent to this country.

[35 FR 283, Jan. 8, 1970, as amended at 36 FR 24917, Dec. 24, 1971. Redesignated at 50 FR 9788, Mar. 12, 1985; 50 FR 10750, Mar. 18, 1985; 68 FR 37917, June 25, 2003; 70 FR 33325, June 7, 2005; 70 FR 72887, Dec. 8, 2005]

**§ 319.56–2o Administrative instructions prescribing method of treatment of avocados for the Mediterranean fruit fly, the melon fly, and the oriental fruit fly.**

Fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure followed by refrigerated storage in accordance with the procedures described in this section is effective against the Mediterranean fruit fly, the melon fly, and the oriental fruit fly in avocados but is not effective against other dangerous pests of this fruit. Accordingly, this treatment will be approved for treatment of avocados in connection with the issuance of permits under §319.56–3 for the importation of avocados from any country when it is determined that the pest risk involved in the proposed importation is such that it will be eliminated by this treatment.

(a) *Ports of entry.* Avocados offered for entry will be regulated by one of the following provisions:

(1) Avocados certified as having received the combined fumigation-refrigeration treatment in the country of origin immediately prior to shipment are enterable at all ports under permit.

(2) Avocados certified as having been fumigated in the country of origin and which are receiving the refrigeration storage on board approved transiting vessels are enterable at the U.S. ports named in the permit upon completion of the refrigerated storage period.

(3) Avocados which have not been treated are enterable at the ports named in the permit for treatment upon arrival.

(b) *Approved treatment.* The phases of the combination treatment shall consist of fumigation and aeration; and a precooling and refrigeration period.